Development of GCP ICH and Indian



Module 1 Topic 4

Multiple Rules

- There was a rapid growth of rules in different countries regarding drug safety and efficacy.
- Drug registration was grossly hampered because of conflicting requirements.
- Repetition of studies using different methods delayed drug developments and increased costs.





Linguistic chauvinism

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- This phenomenon exists in many countries and they want all submissions in their official language.
- Europe has 24 officially recognized languages in addition to English.
- Sponsors were required to translate INDs and NDAs in 10 languages to access European markets.



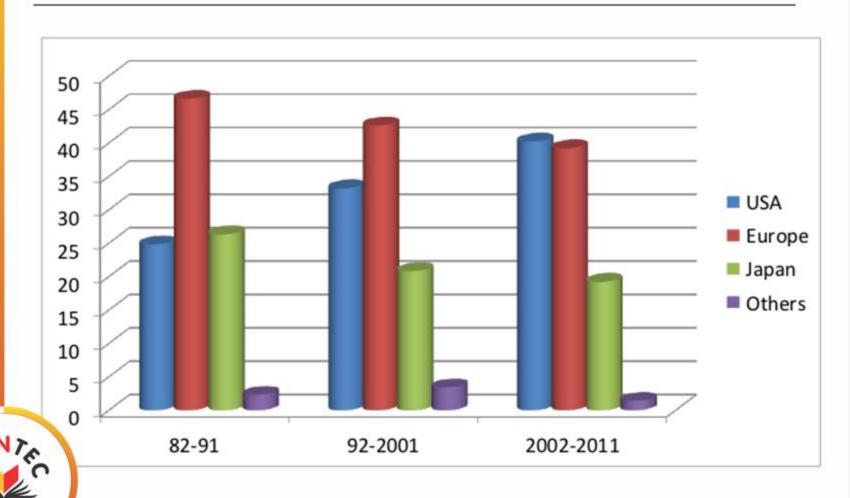
International Council of Harmonization

- It is a joint initiative involving regulators & industry as equal partners in the scientific and technical discussions of the testing procedures which are required to ensure and assess the safety, quality and efficacy of medicines.
- Main Members are United States, European Union and Japan



Drug Development by Source

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Pharmaceutical Sales

S.No	Region	Population (Million)	%	Sales (\$ b)	%
1	The World	7410	100	881	100
2	N. America	229	3.09	349	37.3
3	Europe	729	9.83	221	25.1
4	Japan	127	1.7	112	12.7
5	2+3+4	1085	14.6	662	75.1



Structure

- Three regions, USA, Japan and EU, with their 6 founding member parties (EU, EFPIA, MHLW, JPMA, FDA and PhRMA)
- Observers (WHO, IFPMA, Canada) Non-voting members. India granted observer status in June 2016.
- ICH operates via the ICH Steering Committee, i.e. 6 parties & IFPMA.





International Council on Harmonization



ICH

· Finalized Guidelines:

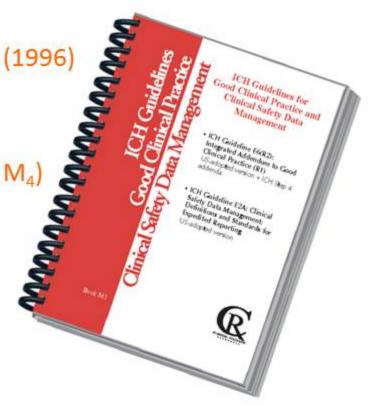
- Efficacy (E_1 to E_{12}) GCP= E_6 (1996)

Quality (Q₁ to Q₆)

Safety (S₁ to S₇ & M₃)

- Multidisciplinary (M₁, M₂, M₄)





Efficacy Guidelines

- E1 Clinical Safety for Drugs used in Long-Term Treatment
- E2A E2F Pharmacovigilance
- E3 Clinical Study Reports
- E4 Dose-Response Studies
- E5 Ethnic Factors
- E6 Good Clinical Practice
- E7 Clinical Trials in Geriatric Population
- E8 General Considerations for Clinical Trials
- E9 Statistical Principles for Clinical Trials
- E10 Choice of Control Group in Clinical Trials



Efficacy Guidelines

- E11 Clinical Trials in Pediatric Population
- E12 Clinical Evaluation by Therapeutic Category
- E14 Clinical Evaluation of QT
- E15 Definitions in Pharmacogenetics / Pharmacogenomics
- E16 Qualification of Genomic Biomarkers
- E17 Multi-Regional Clinical Trials
- E18 Genomic Sampling



E 6 GCP History

- (R1) Adopted by CPMP, July 1996
- Revision Draft (R2) released in June 2015
- Currently Step 4
- Changes in Chapters:
 - 1. Introduction,
 - 2. Glossary
 - 4. Investigator
 - 5. Sponsor
 - 8. Essential Documents



Good Clinical Practice (GCP)

 An international <u>ethical and scientific quality</u> <u>standard</u> for designing, conducting and reporting clinical trials that involve the participation of human subjects.

Provides public assurance that <u>rights</u>, <u>safety</u> & <u>well-being of trial subjects are protected</u>, consistent with Declaration of Helsinki and that the <u>clinical</u> data are credible.

1CH GCP



ICH-GCP

Table of Contents - 8 sections

- Glossary
- The Principles of ICH-GCP
- Institutional Review Board/Independent Ethics Committee (IRB/IEC)
- Investigator
- Sponsor
- 6. Clinical Trial Protocol & Protocol Amendment(s)
- 7. Investigator's Brochure
- 8. Essential Documents for Conduct of a Clinical Trial



2.1 Clinical trials to be conducted in accordance with ethical principles that have their origin in the DoH & consistent with GCP & regulatory requirement(s).

World Medical Association Declaration of Helsinki

Ethical Principles for Medical Research Involving Human Subjects October 2008



2.2 Foreseeable risks & inconveniences to be weighed against the anticipated benefit for the individual trial subject & society.





2.3 The rights, safety, and well-being of the trial subjects are the most important considerations and should prevail over interests of science and society.



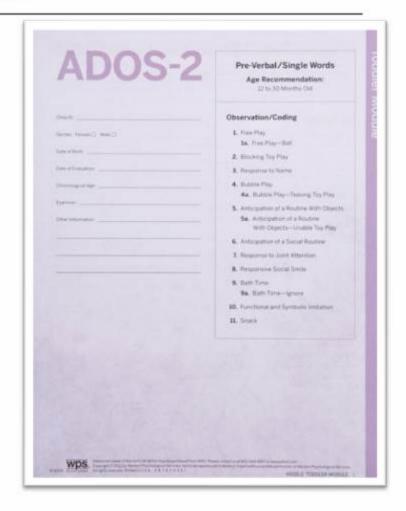


2.4 The available nonclinical and clinical information on an investigational product should be adequate to support the proposed trial.





2.5 Clinical trials should be scientifically sound, and described in a clear, detailed protocol.





2.6 A trial should be conducted in compliance with the protocol that has received prior IRB/IEC approval/favourable opinion.





2.7 The medical care given to, and medical decisions made on behalf of, subjects should always be the responsibility of a qualified physician.





2.8 Each individual involved in conducting a trial should be qualified by education, training, and experience to perform his/her respective task(s).



2.9 Freely given informed consent should be obtained from every subject prior to clinical trial participation.



2.10 All trial information should be recorded, handled, and stored in a way that allows its accurate reporting, interpretation and verification.





2.11 Confidentiality of records that could identify subjects should be protected.





2.12 Investigational products should be manufactured, handled, and stored in accordance with Good Manufacturing Practice (GMP).





2.13 Systems with procedures that assure quality of every aspect of trial should be implemented.





Federal Structure

Central Government

Concurrent List

State Government

97 items

52 items

61 items



Federal Structure – applicable to Pharmaceuticals

Central Government

> Import Export New Drugs

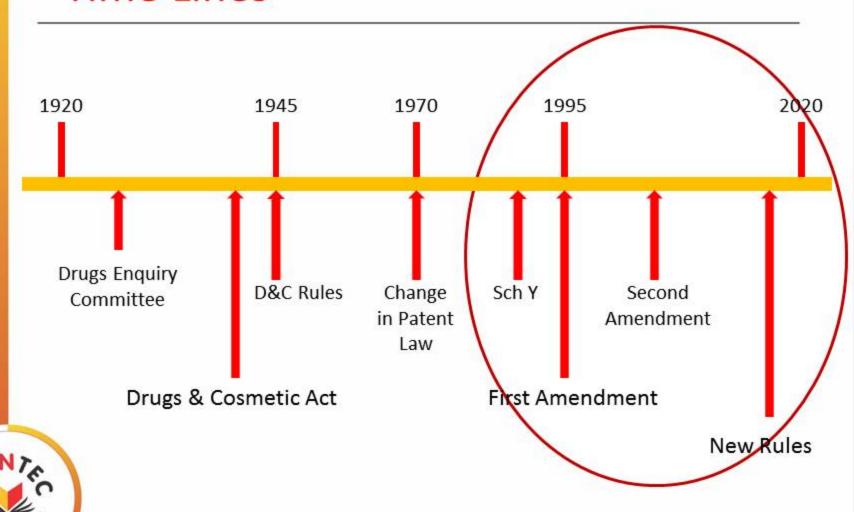
State Government

Manufacture Distribution Sale

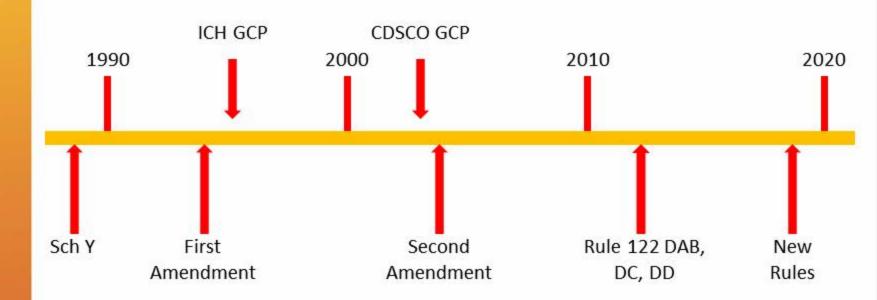


Time Lines

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The Regulation Timeline





CDSCO GCP Contents

- Definitions
- 2. Pre Study Requisites
 - 2.1 Investigational Pharmaceutical Product
 - 2.2 Pre clinical supporting data
 - 2.3 Protocol
 - 2.4 Ethical and safety considerations
- 3. Responsibilities
 - 3.1 Sponsor
 - 3.2 The Monitor
 - 3.3 Investigator



CDSCO GCP Contents

- Record keeping and data handling
- Quality assurance
- 6. Statistics
- 7. Special concerns

Appendices

- Declaration of Helsinki
- Schedule Y
- III. Format for submission of pre clinical and clinical data on rDNA based vaccines, diagnostics & biologicals
- IV. Investigator's Brochure
- V. Essential documents



CDSCO GCP

Main differences from ICH GCP

- Glossary of terms given as definition of terms
- Differences in EC constitution and responsibilities
- Compensation requirements well defined
- Guidance on documents required for application for initiation of clinical trials or for permission for marketing included.
- Animal study requirements included
- Details of clinical trial phases included
- Sections on trials of contraceptives, vaccines, herbal drugs, surgical procedures, devices, radioactive materials and X rays.



Multiplicity of Rules

- CDSCO GCP Guidelines
- Schedule Y
- ICMR Ethics Guidelines
- Draft of New Drugs and Clinical Trial Rules 2018
 published in Feb 2018, they will replace Part XA and
 Schedule Y of the Drug and Cosmetics Rules 1945

